



	<b>Animal health protection measures</b>	<b>Food safety protection measures</b>
<b>Regions</b>		
Sub-Saharan Africa	<b>The import of rodents of non-domestic species and squirrels is prohibited.</b> Decision 2003/459/EC	
All third countries	<b>The import of consignments of cervid urine hunting lures is prohibited.</b> Implementing Decision (EU) 2016/1918	
All third countries	<b>Salamanders (all amphibians of the order of <i>Caudata</i>)</b> destined for commercial purposes may only be imported from OIE member countries and must be accompanied by an animal health certificate. At time of import, a written declaration of the local competent authority must be presented, confirming the approval of the movement to the quarantine facilities. During quarantine, specific diagnostic testing and/or treatment of the animals concerning <i>Batrachochytrium salamandrivorans</i> are prescribed. Implementing Decision (EU) 2021/361	
<b>Countries</b>		
AL Albania		<b>Importation of bivalve molluscs, echinoderms, tunicates and marine gastropods in any form, as well as live fish and shellfish carried in water is prohibited.</b> Decision 2004/255/EC <b>Fishery products</b> of fish belonging to the families <i>Scombridae</i> , <i>Clupeidae</i> , <i>Coryfenidae</i> , <i>Pomatomidae</i> and <i>Scombresosidae</i> :

		<p>If no analytical tests were conducted at the place of origin for the presence of histamine, the consignment will only be released after a laboratory test has been conducted in Switzerland.</p> <p>All expenditures in that regard will be charged to the importer.</p> <p>Decision 2007/642/EC</p>
AU Australia	<p><b>Cats</b> may only be imported if, in addition to the veterinary certificate, they are accompanied by an official certificate confirming that the animals have not been resident on holdings where during the past 60 days cases of Hendra disease have been confirmed.</p> <p>Importing <b>fruit bats</b> of the genus <i>Pteropus</i> is only permitted under special conditions.</p> <p>Decision 2006/146/EC</p>	
BR Brazil		<p><b>Poultry meat, meat preparations and meat products of all types</b> may be imported into the EU only with an additional certificate from the competent Brazilian authority confirming that the consignment has undergone a microbiological examination.</p> <p>This certificate should read as follows: “The products covered by this Health Certificate have been sampled and analyzed in accordance with Regulation (EC) n° 2073/2005, before consignment. According to these pre-shipment analyses, the products comply with EU legislation.”</p> <p>Data on sampling, methods and analyses, as well as all results, must be attached. A corresponding model certificate for use as a template can be obtained from the FSVO.</p>
CN China		<p><b>The import of animal products for human or animal consumption is prohibited.</b> Exceptions are listed in the annex of Decision 2002/994/EC. Part 1 contains a list of animal products that may be imported under standard conditions for this kind of product, without the certificate required in article 3.</p> <p><b>Aquaculture products, peeled and/or processed shrimps, crayfish of the species <i>Procambarus clarkii</i> (caught in natural fresh waters), casings, rabbit meat, eggs, eggs products, royal jelly, honey, pollen, propolis and products derived from poultry</b></p>

		<p><b>meat</b> can only be imported with a certificate of the responsible Chinese authorities confirming that every consignment has undergone chemical testing. These tests must establish in particular whether the products contain chloramphenicol or nitrofurane or their metabolites. Additionally aquaculture fishery products must be tested for malachite green and crystal violet and their metabolites with negative results. The lab results are to be included in that declaration.</p> <p>Decision 2002/994/EC</p>
GN Guinea		<p><b>The import of fishery products intended for human consumption is prohibited.</b></p> <p>Decision 2007/82/EC</p>
IN India		<p><b>Aquaculture products:</b></p> <p>If no analytical tests were conducted at the place of origin for the presence of chloramphenicol, tetracycline, oxytetracycline, chlortetracycline and metabolites of nitrofurans, the consignment will only be released after a laboratory test has been conducted in Switzerland.</p> <p>If such tests have been carried out, 50% of consignments are only released following a confirmatory test in Switzerland.</p> <p>All expenditures in that regard will be charged to the importer.</p> <p>Decision 2010/381/EU</p>
JP Japan		<p>Consignments originating in, coming from and/or dispatched from Japan, which are subject to border veterinary checks in accordance with implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/632 and are listed in Annex II of Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/1533, shall be accompanied by the original <a href="#">official certificate</a> in addition to the requirements normally applicable.</p> <p>This certificate shall certify that the products have either never been exposed to a contamination risk or - if they have been exposed to such risk - have undergone appropriate laboratory tests. The report on the laboratory analysis must accompany the consignment.</p> <p>A random sample of 5% of consignments, for which the above certificate is required, is tested for the relevant radionuclides upon arri-</p>

		<p>val. The consignments remain embargoed at the airport until the laboratory results have been obtained. All costs arising from this procedure shall be borne by the importer.</p> <p>Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/1533</p>
MY Malaysia	<p><b>Peninsula:</b>  <b>Dogs and cats</b> may only be imported if, in addition to the veterinary certificate, they are accompanied by an official veterinary certificate confirming that:</p> <p>a) the animals have had no contact with pigs during at least the past 60 days prior to export</p> <p>b) the animals have not been resident on holdings where during the past 60 days prior to export cases of Nipah disease have been confirmed</p> <p>c) the animals have been subjected with negative result to an IgG capture ELISA test carried out in a laboratory approved for testing for antibody against the Nipah disease viruses by the competent veterinary authorities on a sample of blood taken within 10 days of export</p> <p>Importing <b>fruit bats</b> of the genus <i>Pteropus</i> is only permitted under special conditions.</p> <p>Decision 2006/146/EC</p> <p><b>The whole of Malaysia:</b>  It is prohibited to import the following <b>fish belonging to the Cyprinidae family, their eggs and gametes:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Live fish in aquaculture that are intended for farming, put and take fisheries and open ornamental facilities</li> <li>- Ornamental fish of the following species that are intended for closed ornamental facilities: <i>Carassius auratus</i>, <i>Ctenopharyngodon idellus</i>, <i>Cyprinus carpio</i>, <i>Hypophthalmichthys molitrix</i>, <i>Aristichthys nobilis</i>, <i>Carassius carassius</i>, <i>Tinca tinca</i></li> </ul> <p>Regulation (EC) No 1252/2008/EC</p>	
TR Turkey		<b>The import of live and chilled bivalve molluscs is prohibited.</b>

		<p><b>Frozen bivalve molluscs</b> must be tested at the border inspection post to identify the contamination level of <i>Escherichia coli</i>.</p> <p><b>Frozen or processed bivalve molluscs</b> must be tested at the border inspection post to identify the presence of marine biotoxins.</p> <p>The consignments stay under supervision of the border inspection post until the results of those tests are received and assessed. All expenditures in that regard will be charged to the importer.</p> <p>Implementing Regulation 2022/478</p>
UA Ukraine		<p><b>Milk powder and artificial milk replacer for animals:</b> testing of each consignment for residues, in particular for chloramphenicol.</p> <p>The consignments stay under supervision of the border inspection post until the results of those tests are received and assessed. All expenditures in that regard will be charged to the importer.</p> <p>Decision 2002/805/EC</p>
US United States	<p><b>The import of prairie dogs (<i>Cynomys sp.</i>) is prohibited.</b></p> <p>Decision 2003/459/EC</p>	

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